MALLE:

1. To provide nore helpful, timely and reliable facts on which to been our National Intelligence Estimates.

DISCUSSICE:

- 2. The chief criticism of our national estimates is that the facts on which conclusions are based are not revealed or if revealed are questioned. Where conclusions have had to be deduced in the absence of facts this has not always been made clear. While the dearth of factual information on the Soviet orbit is generally recognised and while inadequate collection is frequently made the whipping boy of highly speculative conclusions in estimates, collection as such is not the first place to look for a remedy though its proper role will become clear as the "problem of the available facts" is attacked and solved.
- 3. The problem of the Available Facts will be solved when we have asked the right questions of fact of the appropriate researchers and the answers have been authoriticated. Not only will gape be revealed which may in part be filled by additional research but also the gaps which must be filled by new collection will become more apparent. This should result in sharper and so more useful and manageable collection requests.
- 4. Now can we must the right questions asked? First we must obcome the proper subjects for maticaal estimates and ensure that they are sufficiently tailored to current and anticipated policy problems. While the major members of the IAC are exposed in their departments to developing policy situations and will continue to provide advice to the estimating machinery, it is expected that further guidance in this regard will flow from errangements which have been made with the MSC Senior Staff and the Director of the Joint Staff, JCS, to review proposed terms of reference of Hill's and offer criticism and suggestions in order to sharpen them relative to the needs of planners and policy makers. The current NIE production program should be examined periodically to be ours it is do complete and well-rounded as possible and that it provides maximum edvance notice to the production offices regarding the subjects on which their support will be needed. Forhaps a section should be added listing possible HIL's which have been proposed or might be useful to undertake but have not yet been accepted for production.
- 5. Next we must make maximum use of the terms of reference of national estimates. In addition to the cutline for the estimate as now written there should also be a precise statement of the principal "factual" questions on which the answers to the various sub-estimates logically depend. While the asking of the gight questions, including the detailed questions, may be a cooperative venture or decentralised to the contributing organisations, nevertheless in view of ONE's leadership role in

Approved For Release 2005/04/21 : CIA-RDP61500760A000100070071-4

the estimating field it has the major responsibility for the success of the system. Since theother agencies are apparently not formulating the questions or answering them with sufficient precision or dependability, CME should do what they can to improve their performance either by elaborating their present draft terms of reference by writing and getting agreement on subsidiary "factual" terms of reference, or by asking for separate memorands on particular points.

- 6. In areas other than national estimates the same insistance on formulating as precisely as possible the right questions for intelligence support is the only salvation from the many pressures which equese not enough researchers with the many deadlines. The need for clear and precise thinking at this stage has been descentrated by the very bried generalised requirements, almost encyclopedic in nature, which have frequently been served on intelligence units. The formulation of the right questions is part of the responsibility of each Assistant Director, administrator, staff officer or analyst in any of the IAC agencies. Organizational tools to assist him are the same as those used to authoriticate the facts. (cf. paragraph 8)
- 7. What is involved in the authentication of facts? Those whose function is to estimate or to determine policy on the basis of estimates have a right not only to the facts behind the estimate but to the <u>authentication</u> of the most important facts. The authentication of facts involves (a) a clear, reasoned paper by the responsible official with some showing of credibility other than his knows integrity; and (b) the concurrence of those other intelligence organizations with a persinent responsibility or competence. The critical nature of the world struggle today and the dependence of our foreign and demestic policy on intelligence, demand that our facts be able to withstand criticism. Although the military and State departments have been given the responsibility for "military" and "political" intelligence (MSCID 3), the definition of those terms and the overlapping nature of related responsibilities give a joint character to many problems even in those fields. Without attompting to dispute the primary role of these agencies in their fields, their important facts can be examined by others operating under the megis of mational intelligence, current intelligence, economic or scientific intellimence, and perhaps even sevenological intellimence and external research.
- 6. Her can we get authenticated facts? This is the responsibility of each administrator and Assistant Director. Where the facts bridge several responsibilities joint preparation may be called for or a joint review after preparation and prior to publication. This is essentially the current practice of the Economic Intelligence Committee, of the JANIS, and of the Match Committee. A different set of facts might be the concern of a "Current Intelligence Committee" (primarily concerned with authenticating a Current Intelligence Review, quite apart from who drafted it), a "Psychological Intelligence Committee" and/or an "Enternal Research

Committee." While formal mechanisms come most easily to mind, the mention of them should not obscure the possibility and desirability of authenticating many of the facts through more informal or ad hor means. Each of these areas should be examined separately with a view to determining the best arrangements for each.

- . Vant will be the effect on the research production offices" The producing offices are continually trying to staff themselves up to meet the demands being placed on them from various important quarters. Production of BIE's has already taken a considerable portion of the efforts of the agencies away from what they think they should be working on, from the demands of their own department (including SEAPE, FECCE), etc.), and from the MIS program. While some of these requests coincide and although our questions may be more important than some other demands, the agencies may be expected to resist a further "encreachment" on their time. We should recomize that the more insistent our demands become and the more we press for coerdinated, authenticated papers, the more we are in effect exercising a control or direction (however incomplete and polite) over the production programs of the other agencies. This is probably the right direction in which to move, but to be successful it will need to be done gradually and with finesse and we should sever expect to mondpoline all the energies of the IAC agencies.
- and authentification of facts? Responsibility for these functions is so widely shared in the community that it is not felt that generally lecturing the community vill produce much result. On the other hand, it would be impossible to alter redically the existing responsibilities. It would probably be possible and reasonably effective, however, to adopt a middle course and attempt to supply the leadership necessary to achieve a limited and voluntary coordination of production effort. This would be a delicate and continuing job but could be undertaken by a senior staff officer to the DD/I with the help perhaps of a couple of carefully selected people. Such a Chief of Production would be responsible for assisting the DD/I in his guidance of the substantive work of CIA and in his leadership of the IAC production community.